Global Trends 2020 Beyond the pandemic

How much have long term trends changed?

Ben Page, Chief Executive, Ipsos MORI



How <u>has</u> COVID-19 changed our societies?

The pandemic has had far-reaching impacts on our behaviour.

How far is this translating into change in values?





How we exercise is different now – the pandemic changed everything

App-based studies have shown older people have been more active than before

② Fri, Oct 16, 2020, 06:01

Covid-19 has changed everything. Now we need a revolution for a born-again world Simon Tisdall

FC Fast Company

5 ways the pandemic has changed staff development forever

This Deloitte exec says the evolution is a net positive. 5 ways the pandemic has changed professional and staff development forever. [Photo: ... 3 days ago



World Economic Forum

3 ways the COVID-19 pandemic has changed youth activism

The COVID-19 pandemic has made us all more reliant on digital tools for connection and communication: Dealing with COVID-19 restrictions ...

Everything

America 2.0: Ready or not, here it comes. Five cognitive

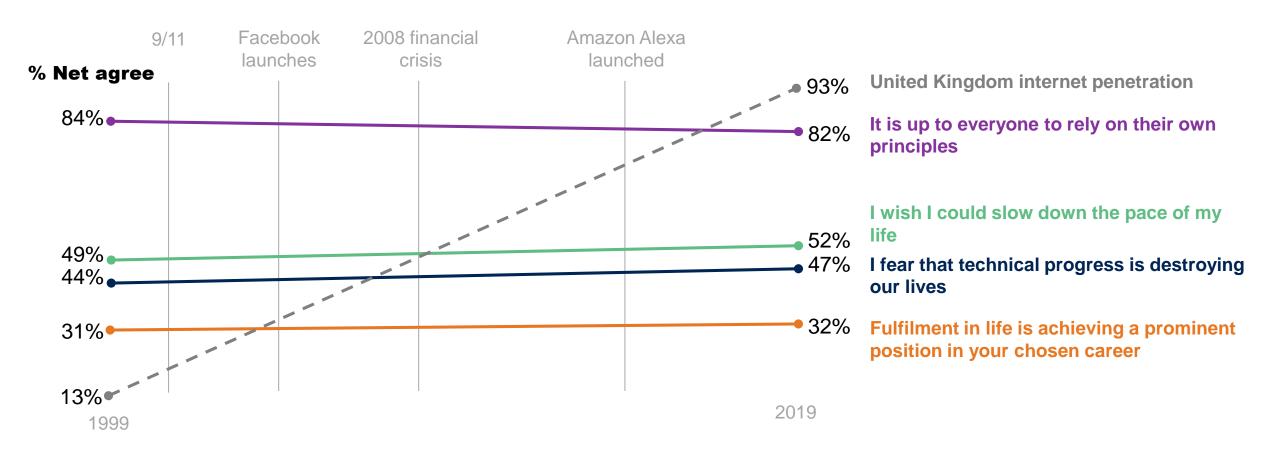
strategies can help. ...ather iPlayer Sounds CBBC More Search

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d of work may change forever

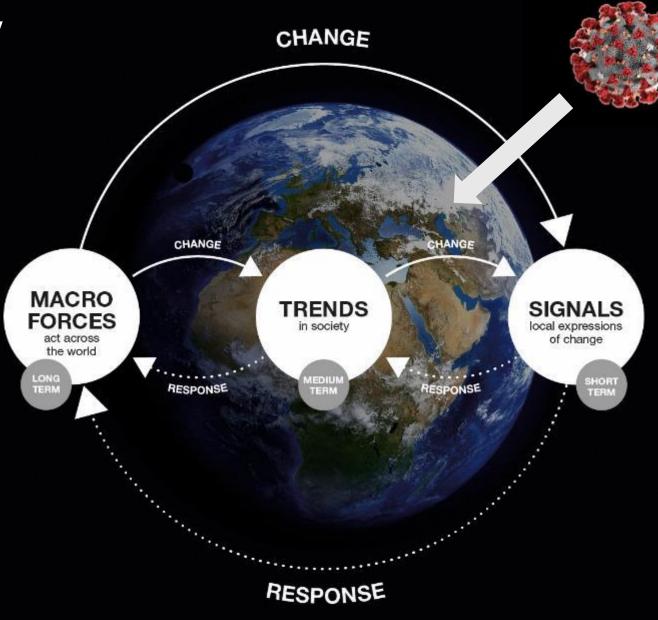
Values can hold true over the medium term



Sources: 1999: Ipsos Socioconsult Survey, 2019: Ipsos Global Trends survey – GB data, United Kingdom Internet penetration, Office for National Statistics (UK)



Our theory of change

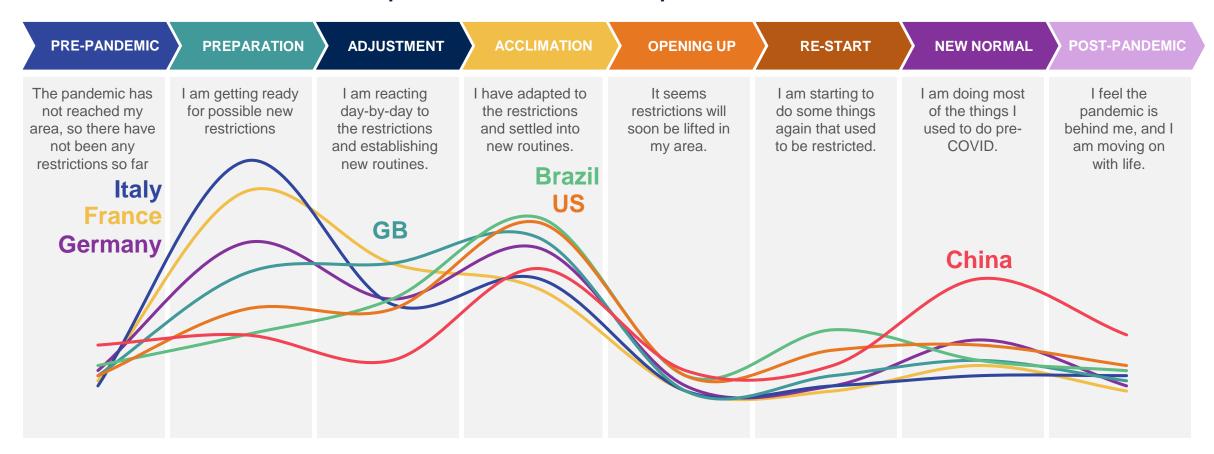


A shock to the system



To check it, we picked seven markets...

Ipsos Essentials COVID-19 phases



Ipsos Essentials polling: October 2020



The macro forces -

Known knowns

Dynamic populations



Growing inequality and opportunity



Geopolitical tensions



Data world



Technology tipping points

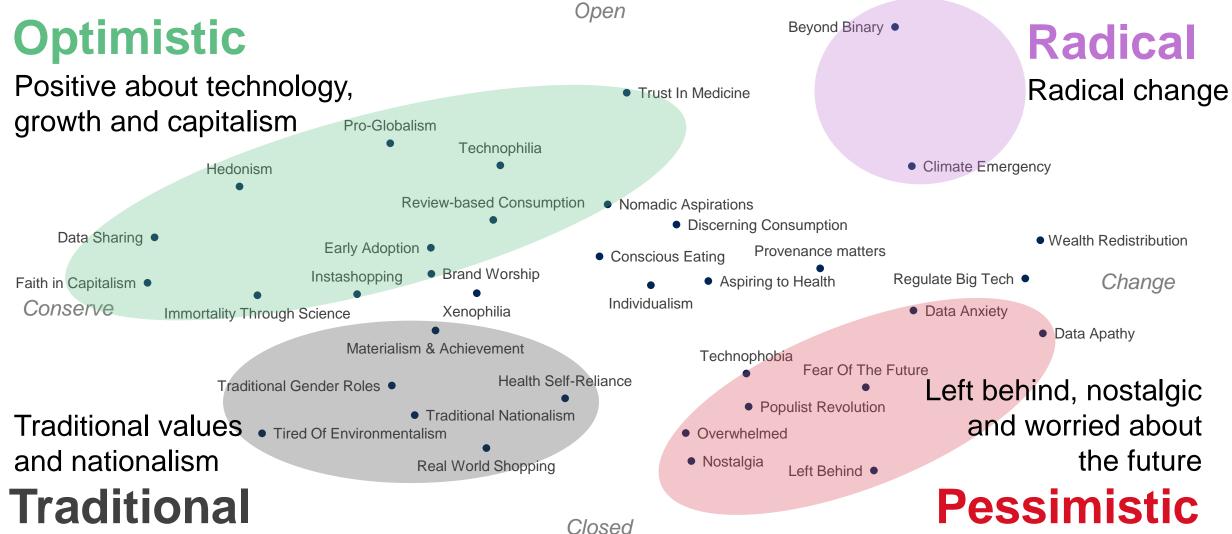


The fragile planet





We found 36 global values...





... sorted into twelve trends





Six trends have registered most change

Healthcare, brands, climate, globalisation and reactions to inequality





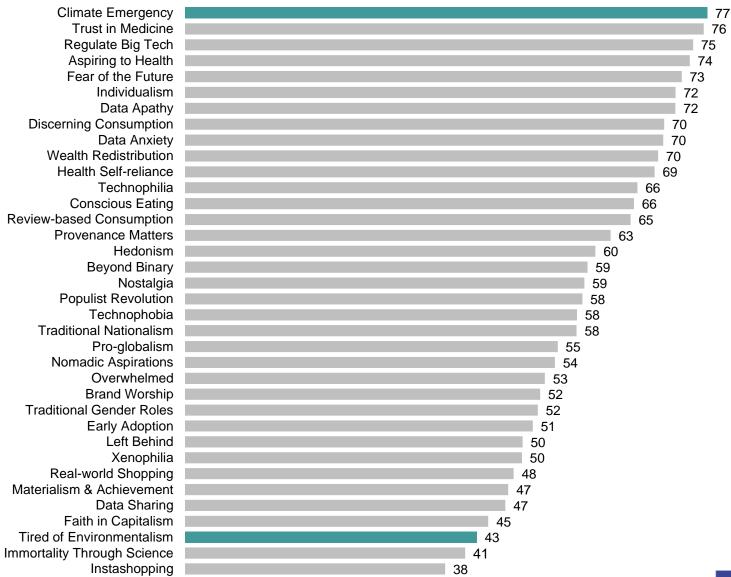


Our strongest global value

Climate emergency emerges as the strongest value in Global Trends

Scepticism is far weaker yet remains significant

Value intensity





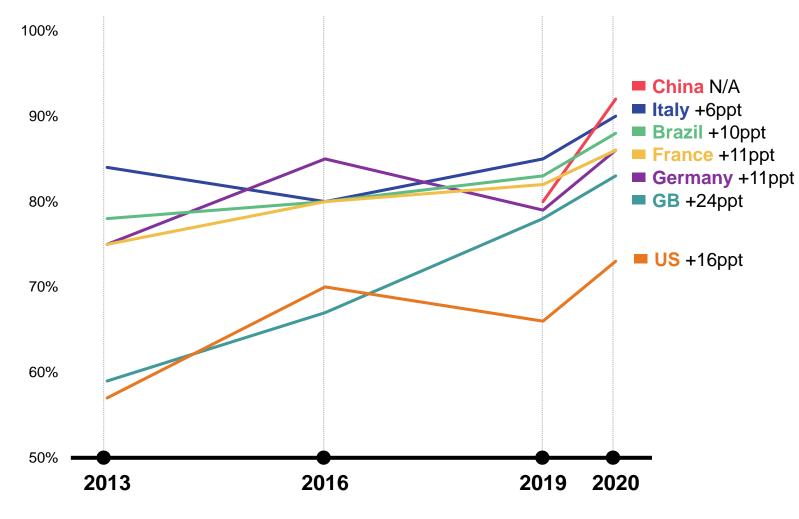
COVID-19 has not dented climate concern

"We are heading for environmental disaster unless we change our habits quickly"

% agree

Change

2013-2020:





Signals of the future



IKEA's #BuyBackFriday



BMA, Lancet and Royal Colleges call for a tax on meat



Renewables surpass coal in the US

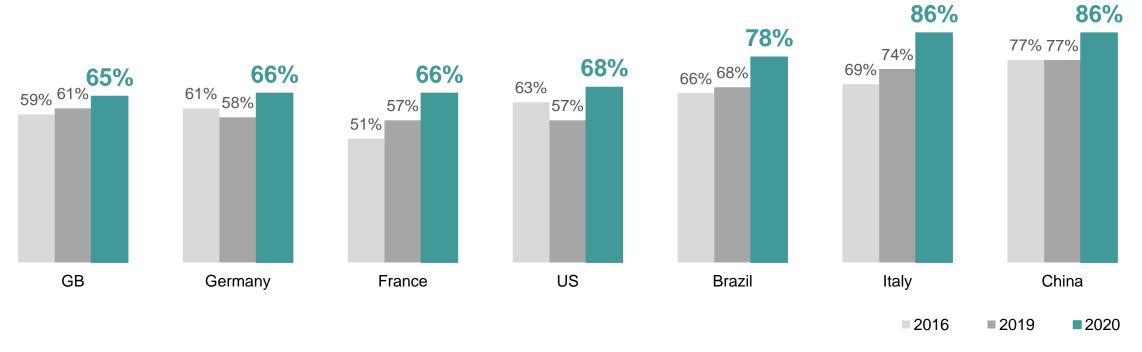


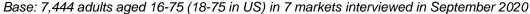
Healthcare and trust in science



Health has moved up the agenda for consumers

"I will sacrifice convenience if it means getting healthier products" - % agree



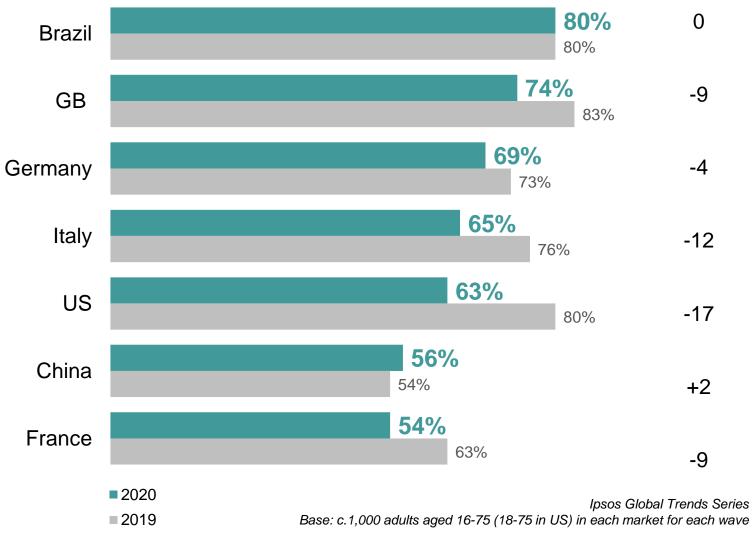




While faith in vaccines has dropped in the US and Europe

"I believe all recommended vaccines are beneficial for me and my family" % agree

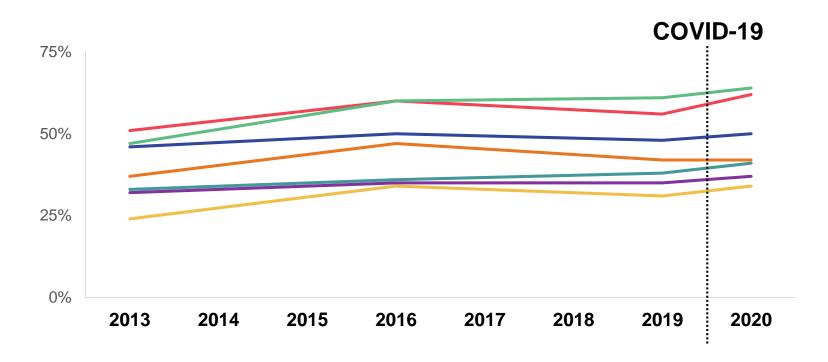
Change since 2019





Although rising belief that science has the answers has been unaffected

"Eventually all medical conditions and diseases will be curable" - % agree



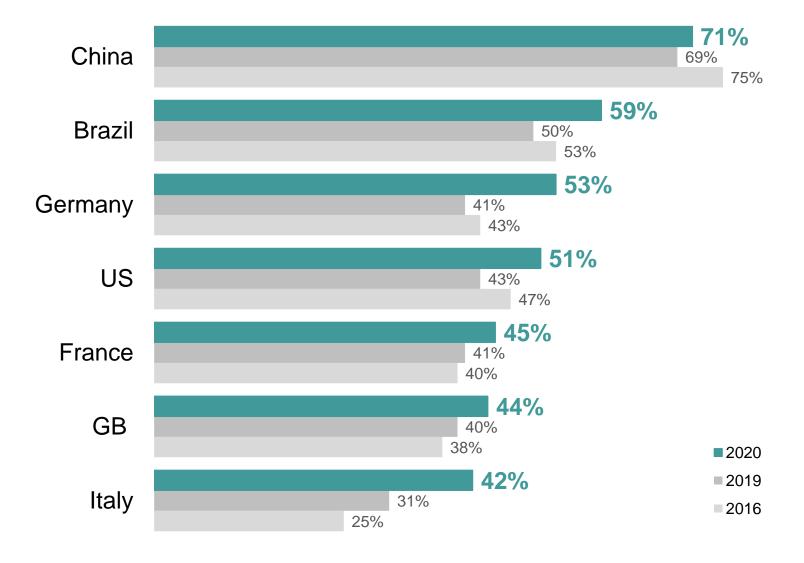
Change 2013 - 2020	
Brazil	+17ppt
China	+11ppt
France	+10ppt
GB	+8ppt
US	+5ppt
Germany	+5ppt
Italy	+4ppt





Brands have gained in importance

"I am generally willing to spend extra for a brand with an image that appeals to me" % agree

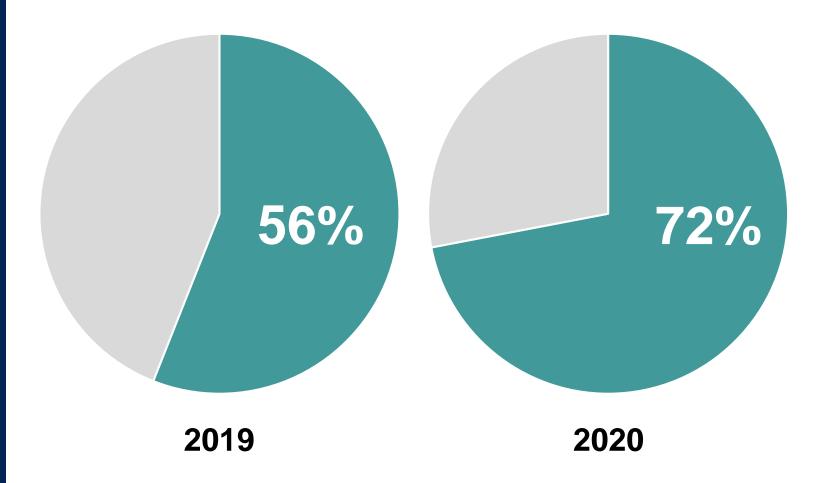




With a greater role for purpose

"I tend to buy brands that reflect my personal values"

% agree, GB



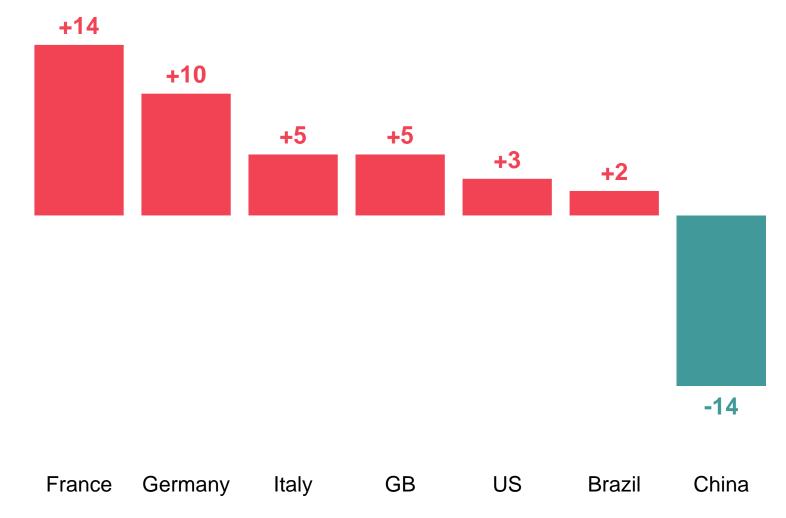
Base 2019: Ipsos Global Trends – 1,001 British adults aged 16-75 interviewed June - July 2019 Base 2020: Ipsos.Digital polling – 1,000 British adults aged 16-75 interviewed 1-2 October 2020



Friction with ecommerce has grown

"I find shopping online more difficult than shopping in traditional stores"

Change in % agree 2019-2020

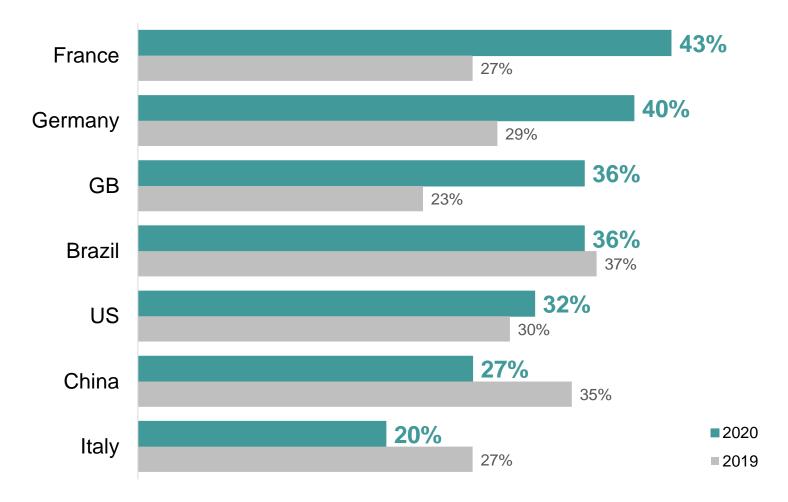




And Gen Z are no exception

"I find shopping online more difficult than shopping in traditional stores"

% agree, Generation Z



Base: c. 150 Gen Z adults per wave in each country. Fieldwork dates
June-July 2019 and September 2020

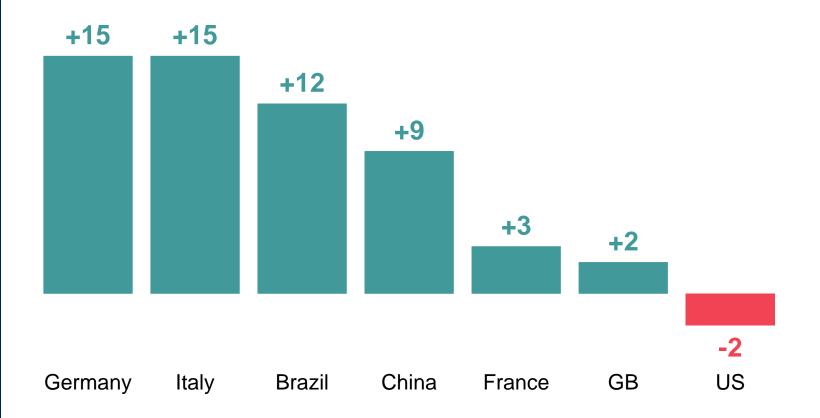




National pride is tied to the pandemic

"I feel very proud of my country"

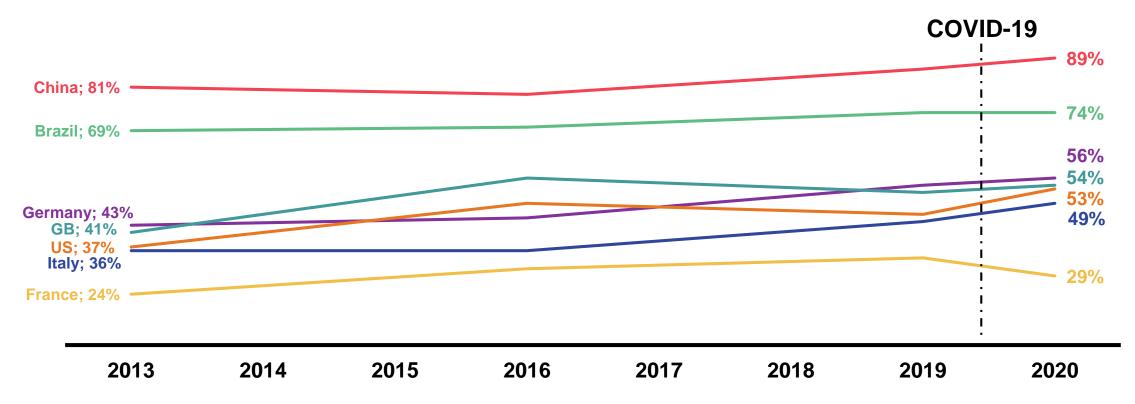
Change in % agree 2019-2020





Globalisation is not seen as THE problem

"Globalisation is good for my country" - % agree

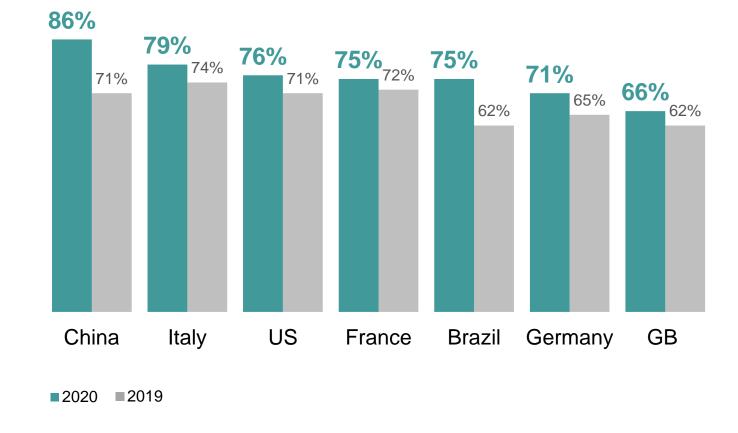




But more are looking closer to home

"I prefer to buy products from my country rather than products from abroad" % agree

Resilience Shorter supply chains Retreat to known and familiar

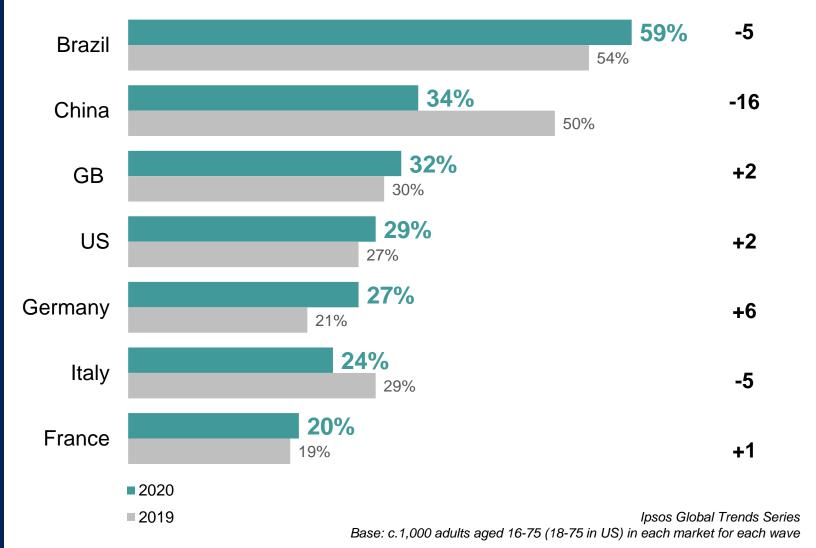




And local pride has surged

"I think global brands make better products than brands that are just local to my country"

Change since 2019



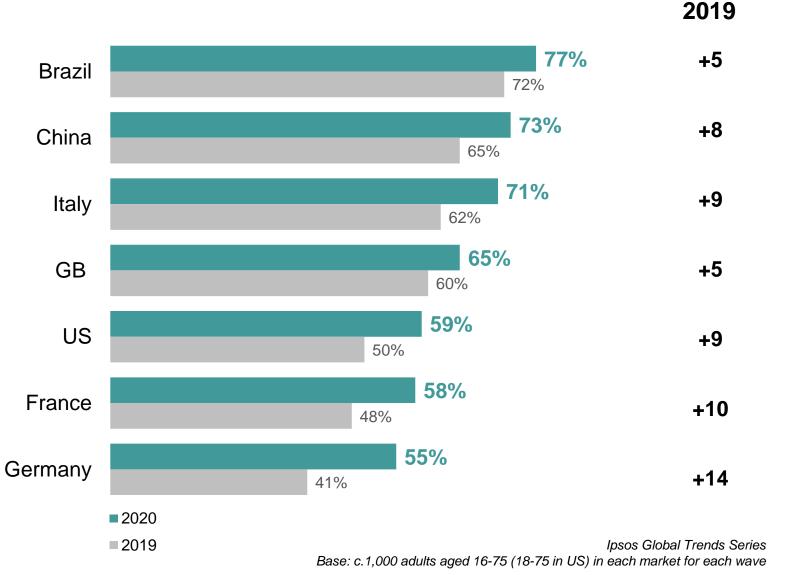


% agree

Wanderlust has risen under lockdown

"I would like to experience living in different parts of the world"

% agree





Change since







In conclusion...

Pandemic has NOT changed everything...

Massive behavioural changes not attitudinal ones – although attitudes around brands, health resilience and localism have been impacted

What hasn't changed:

- Environmental concern
- Attitudes to tech & data
- Ideological divides

But we are still less than a year into this...



THANK YOU!

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