

A new model to guide ESG Corporate strategy

Ipsos ESG Consulting Practice

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Presenters



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Agenda

1

ESG in Boardrooms

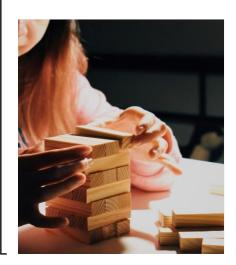
The tension between profitability and sustainable efforts



2

Double Materiality 101

What is it and why you should care



3

Current Limitations & Challenges 5 key pitfalls to avoid



4

Introducing a New Model *NEW* Step-by-Step process to Double Materiality Assessments



5

RecommendationsFor moving forward



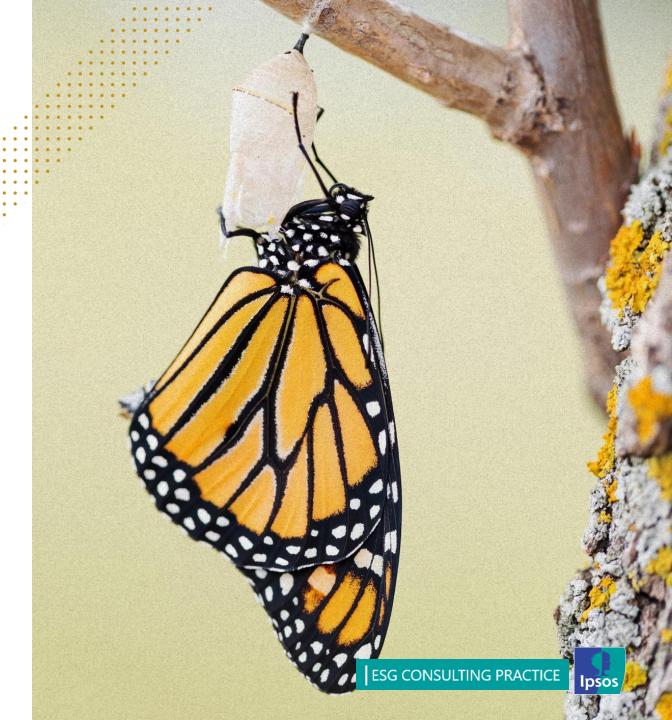




What is ESG?

- PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT
- Including protecting and caring for our natural environment
- IMPROVING SOCIETY

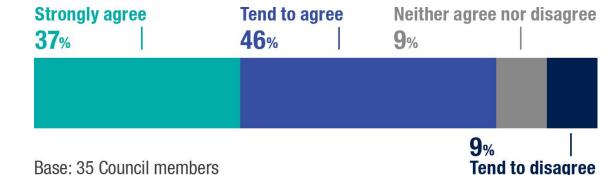
 Including treatment of employees and diversity, working conditions
- PRACTICING GOOD GOVERNANCE
 Including tax strategy, executive remuneration





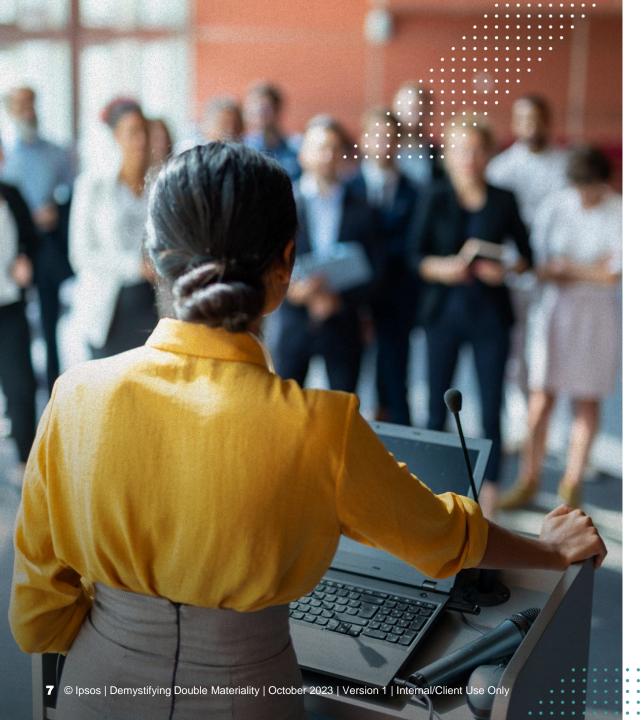
That's the big difference – ESG was a sort of peripheral box ticking exercise and now it is central to everyone's work." - ESG Council Member

ESG is fundamentally changing the way businesses operate



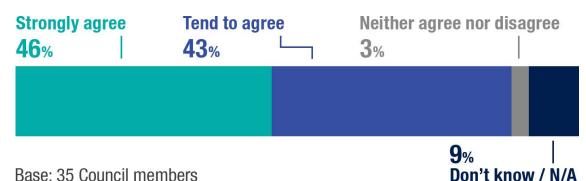
Ipsos ESG Council: 35 in-depth interviews across the UK and US among senior level executives with responsibility for sustainability and the development of ESG, November 2022 - February 2023





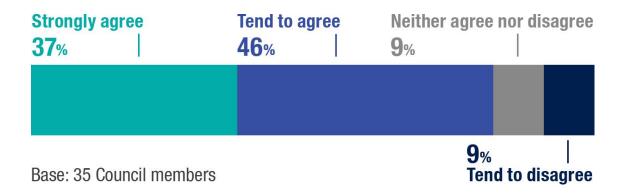
ESG has emerged from a marginal position & is becoming central to strategic management

CSOs have become strategic leadership positions within organisations



Ipsos ESG Council: 35 in-depth interviews across the UK and US among senior level executives with responsibility for sustainability and the development of ESG, November 2022 – February 2023

ESG CONSULTING PRACTICE



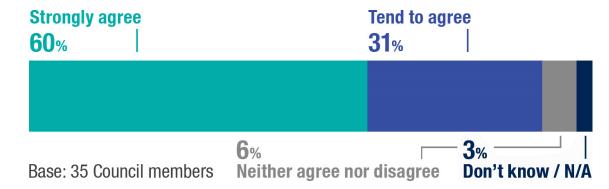
Ipsos ESG Council: 35 in-depth interviews across the UK and US among senior level executives with responsibility for sustainability and the development of ESG, November 2022 – February 2023

Businesses have a long way to go before ESG is fully embedded into the organisation

The sustainability commitments that we have made as a business are front and centre of business strategy. When you commit to, for example, achieving net zero, then this has got to be linked to your commercial strategy, your pricing strategy, your customer strategy, etc.

- ESG Council Member





Ipsos ESG Council: 35 in-depth interviews across the UK and US among senior level executives with responsibility for sustainability and the development of ESG, November 2022 – February 2023

A link exists between a company's ESG performance and its attractiveness to investors

We have dialogue with investors fairly regularly and over the last couple of years I have noticed a change in the range and depth of questioning and knowledge of sustainability issues within the investor community and their ESG analysts have substantially increased.

- ESG Council Member



We expect business leaders to stand up for our values:

Ipsos Global Trustworthiness Monitor: Global Country Average of 16,017 online interviews across 21 countries c.500-1,000 online interviews per country aged 16/18-74, August 26-September 9 2022

Source: https://www.lpsos.com/en/trust

50%

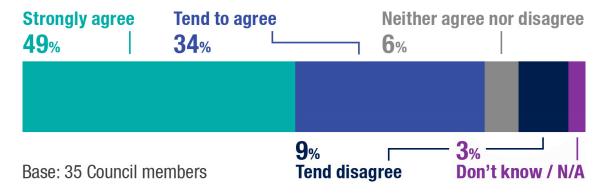
of the global public say that business leaders have a responsibility to speak out on the social and political issues that matter to them.



I think we're always shooting at a moving target – there is no standard way of reporting. Even the ESG ratings, their weighting on different elements of E, S and G varies significantly and change year on year. Shooting at a moving target is very difficult because fundamentally what ESG ratings should do is allow those looking at them to compare performance on a like-for-like basis. And if you can't do that they don't serve their purpose.

- ESG Council Member





Ipsos ESG Council: 35 in-depth interviews across the UK and US among senior level executives with responsibility for sustainability and the development of ESG, November 2022 – February 202

KPIs and standards relating to ESG compliance and benchmarking are too fragmented

ESG has almost become a phrase that is associated with ratings. And you can look at one rating and compare it to another and a company can be at the top of one and at the bottom of the other; the methodology is so inconsistent. I think ESG ratings are basically spiralling into a lack of credibility, into distrust frankly.

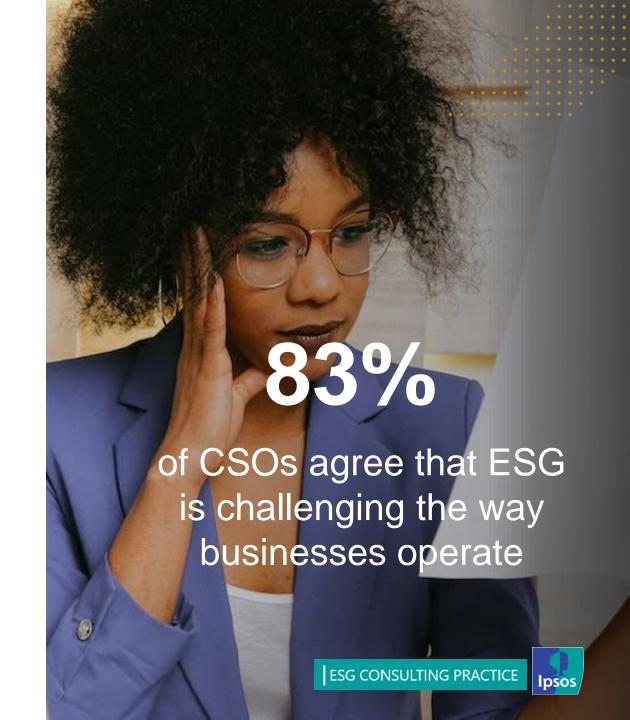
- ESG Council member





Integrating ESG into business strategy remains a principal challenge for most

Inherent doubts on ROI can cloud strategy and decision-making, perpetuating a perceived dichotomy between what's good for *people and planet* and what is good for the *wallet*.



Double Materiality: What is it?

Impact materiality

Your business's outward impact on the planet and society







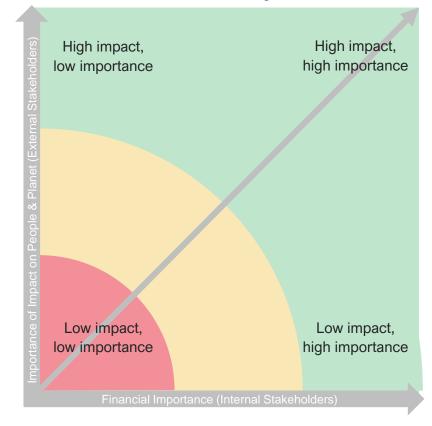
Financial materiality

The planet and society's impact on your business



Both a reporting function and a strategic compass for decision-making

Double Materiality Matrix





Double materiality assessments are expected to become increasingly important in the future.

With the rise of sustainable investing and increased stakeholder demands for transparency, companies will need to account for and disclose their environmental and social impacts in a more comprehensive manner.



Official definition of 'double materiality' remains relatively new

2014

2019

2022

2022



Non-Financial
Reporting Directive
(NFRD) adopted by EU
to disclose nonfinancial documents

Term 'Double materiality' first coined by the European Commission as part of NFRD

Global Reporting
Initiative (GRI)
expands definition of
to include areas with
highest impact on
people, planet and the
economy

Corporate
Sustainability
Reporting Directive
(CSRD) adopted by EU
Parliament to improve
non-financial
reporting



The Double Materiality Process 101



I. SET UP

Choose framework

Identify stakeholders

Create list of ESG 'issues' and 'dimensions'

II. FIELDWORK

Stakeholder surveys

Analyse & weight results

III. REPORTING

Reporting & strategy



Repeat periodically





We've identified 5 key limitations



Choose framework

Identify stakeholders

Create list of ESG 'issues'

II. FIELDWORK

Stakeholder surveys

Analyse & weight results

III. REPORTING

Integration into reporting mechanisms



Key Watch-outs

- 1 COMPETING FRAMEWORKS
- 2 LACKING OBJECTIVITY

- 3 BIASED RANKINGS
- 4 DATA MANIPULATION

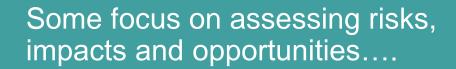
5 LACKING 'WHOLE BUSINESS'





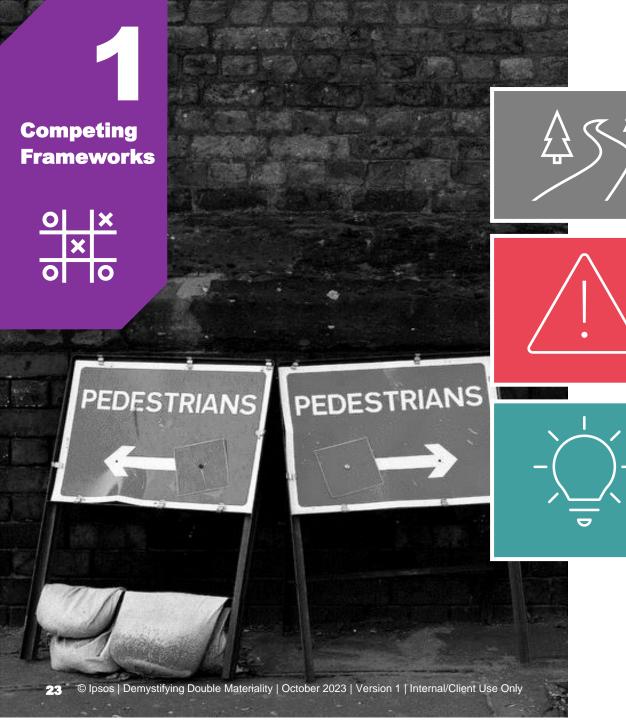


Competing frameworks and approaches proposed



....while others delve into impact severity and reporting thresholds.





Current Approach:

 Usually, CSO will pick most relevant framework

Watch-out:



- Often conflicting
- Staying abreast of continual updates

Solutions:

- Expert Panel or Advisory Board
- Insight Audit as first step





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Current Approach:

- No external objectivity involved
- Often 'chop and change' approach



Limitations:

 Decision-making is then subject to the biases and misconceptions outlined earlier



Solutions: Third party facilitation

- Democratised stakeholder selection & engagement
- Cross-functional representation
- Objectivity with weighting





The Believe True Gap.

Perceptions frequently do not align with reality, risking company misaligned and misdirected reporting and strategic decision-making





Current Approach:

- Select ESG 'issues' at random
- Stakeholders rank issues on numerical scale

Limitations:

- Believe-true gap
- Misguided in future forecasting

Solutions:

 External data used to: Audit Issues, Verify Results and Future Forecast





Current Approach:

- No standardised approach
- Inherent bias based on stakeholder group



Limitations:

- The most subjective part of process
- Lacks rigour and transparency



Solutions:

- Less is more, equitable representation
- Provide unaltered numbers and tables
- Exhibit **transparency** around decisions



DATA MANIPULATION



Challenge

External Stakeholder Bias

- Politician knows a lot about 'Ethical Tech' but less about 'Biodiversity'
- Politician not likely to care about all 65+ issues

In-Market Stakeholder Bias

- 3k employees in one market, 10k in another
- Not all groups accurately represented

Market Stakeholder Bias

The sample in Market A was 2X the size of Market B.

Averaging would dilute impact of Market A input

Weighting Solution

 Do not ask all external stakeholders to rank all issues – adjust and weight accordingly Aim for equitable representation regardless – both internal and external Aim for equitable representation across both markets BUT revenue-based weighting can be a useful addendum



5

LACKING WHOLE BUSINESS APPROACH





Current Approach:

 Often narrow stakeholder group – lacking robust representation and involvement



Limitations:

- Lack of a 360° view
- Identification of certain opportunities and risks missed – hindering long-term success potential



Solutions:

 Create a stakeholder map – seek C-Suite but also wider equitable representation







Validity is contingent upon knowledge and expertise of both internal and external stakeholders, a critical weakness of conventional approaches.



Ipsos has designed an iterative and multi-stage approach to increase confidence in results



Refined model with integrated confidence testing





1. ESG ISSUE AUDIT

Create guardrails for upcoming phases of research, by **doing a comprehensive audit** of:

- Relevant legislation
- Current reporting guidelines
- · Existing public opinion
- Trends data
- Internal ESG initiatives





Note: to add credibility & objectivity to the project, think about forming an expert panel to advise throughout

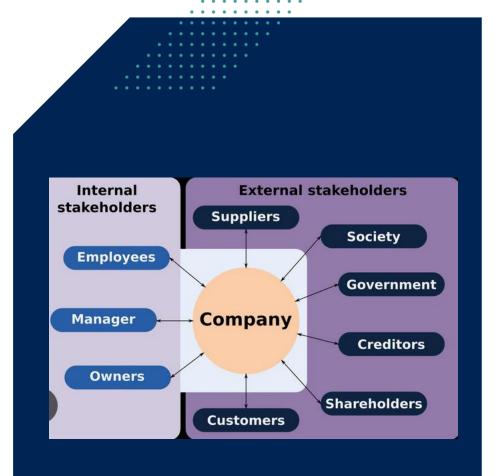


2. STAKEHOLDER IDENTIFICATION

Through a stakeholder mapping exercise, identify internal and external stakeholders for upcoming consultation on ESG issues.



Aim for a mix of internal stakeholders by level and department, including C-suite and those with regulatory experience. External stakeholders should be involved across the value chain.



Note: For illustrative purposes only



3. ESG ISSUE LIST CREATION

Based on the findings from the ESG Issue Audit, create a list of ESG issues that speak directly to:

- a) Financial impact (outside-in)
- b) Impact to people and planet (inside-out)



Issues can be clustered into wider themes or dimensions. Once themes are finalised, see if you can drill down a level deeper to identify issues of a reporting nature. Can do extra confidence testing by vetting it against external data (i.e., IGRM data)





4. SURVEY CREATION AND DISSEMINATION

Create at least 2 distinct surveys

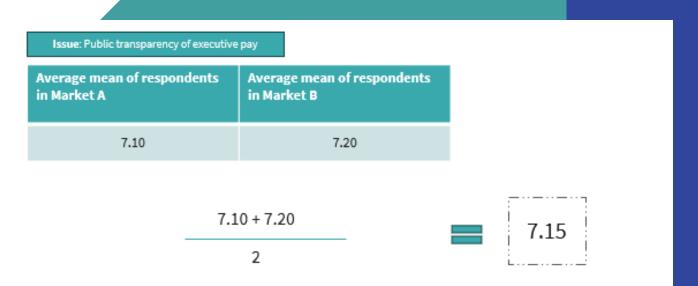
Apply both a current & future lens

Tailor issues to stakeholders



5. WEIGHTING OF RESULTS

- Combine the scores from both the internal and external stakeholders.
- To ensure an objective view, decide on and implement best practices weighting methods.
- Create your double materiality matrix

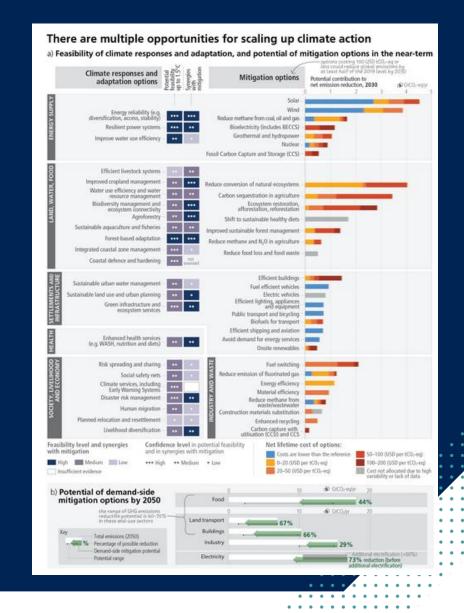




6. FINAL CONFIDENCE TESTING

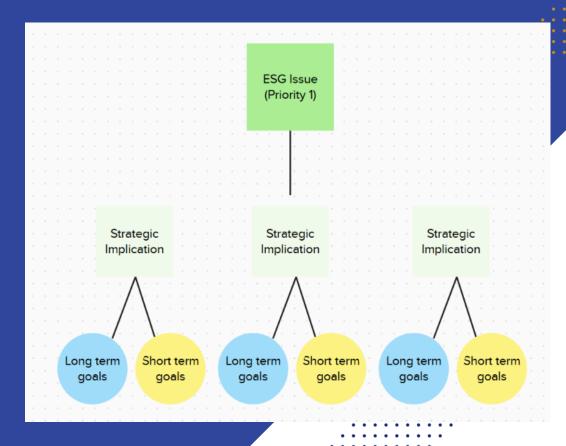
After completing the weighting process, conduct final rounds of confidence testing to objectively validate the findings.

There are numerous possible avenues for this, like financial modelling and cross-comparison to external impact data (like IPCC).





7. STRATEGIC INTEGRATION



Incorporate these issues and their implications into both company strategy and reporting practices.

Build off the current and future lens implemented in the survey by constructing short-term and long-term strategic goals around the key issues.





In order to keep pace with these changes, it is important to repeatedly gather insights from a wellbalanced stakeholder group.





Summary of today's session

Nascency of the topic means businesses are at significant risk of poor practice and undermining the validity of the process.

2 Reliance solely on perception-based assessments poses risk of an ill-informed strategy for businesses.

Ipsos new model incorporates confidence testing in a way that strengthens the credibility of the findings.



