# Core political Data July 7, 2022

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#### **Ipsos Core Political Data**

These are findings from an Ipsos poll conducted <u>July 5-6, 2022.</u> A sample of <u>1,003</u> Americans ages 18+ were interviewed online for this survey.

This included <u>437</u> Democrats, <u>377</u> Republicans, and <u>132</u> independents

The precision of the Reuters/Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus the following percentage points:

3.8 for All Adults, 5.7 for Democrats, 6.2 for Republicans, and 10.4 for independents

The data from this survey was weighted to the U.S. current population data using Gender, Age, Education, Ethnicity, and Region

**Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online polls** 

✤ All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and

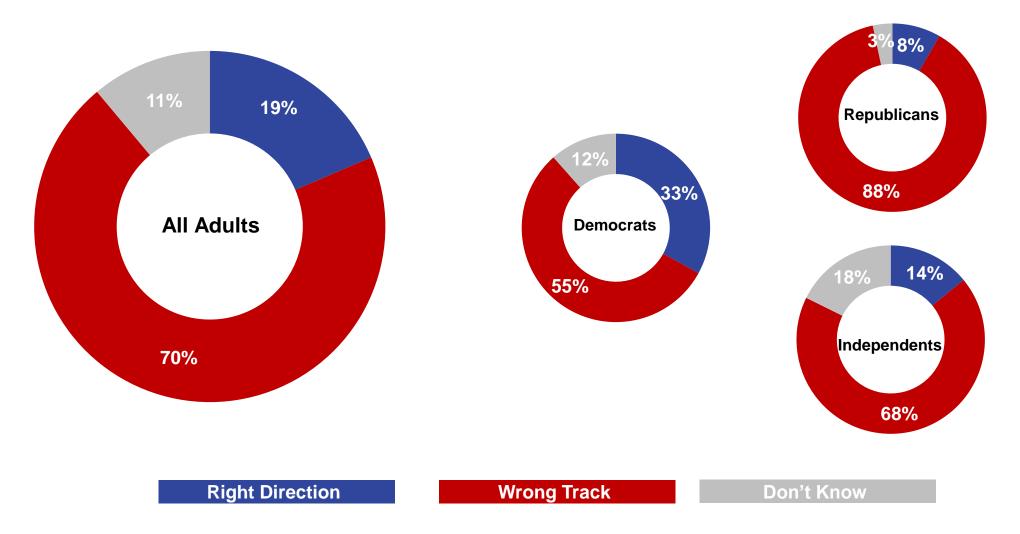
measurement error

Figures marked by an asterisk (\*) indicate a percentage value of greater than zero but less than one half of one percent
Where figures do not sum to 100, this is because of rounding



# **Right Direction/Wrong Track**

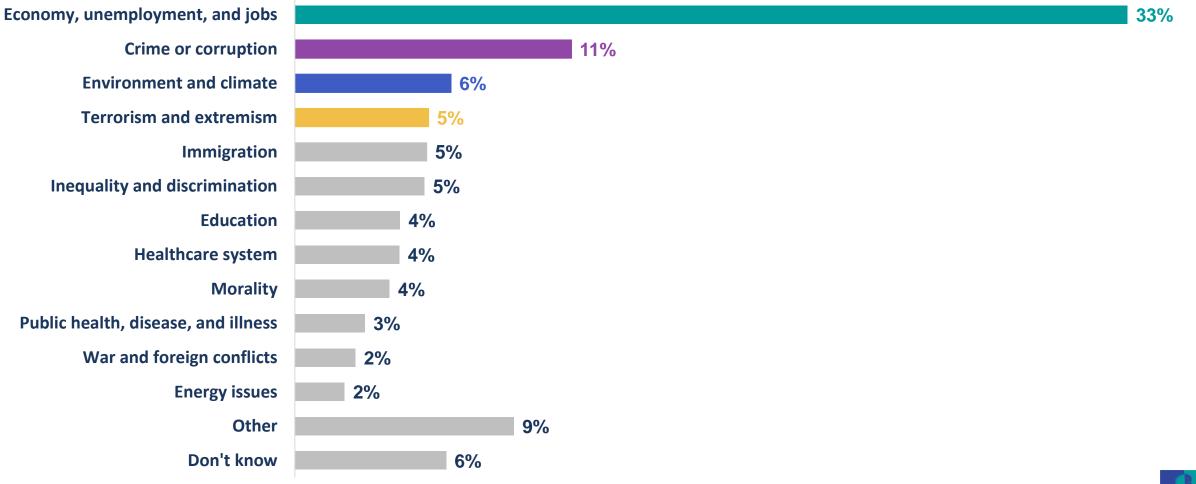
Generally speaking, would you say things in this country are heading in the right direction, or are they off on the wrong track?





#### **Most Important Problem Facing America**

In your opinion, what is the most important problem facing the U.S. today?





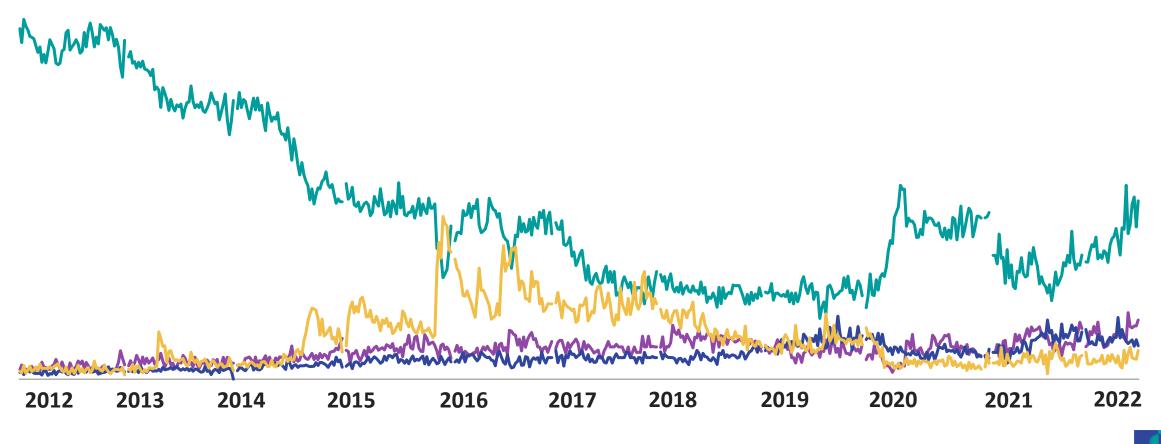
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#### **Most Important Problem Facing America**

In your opinion, what is the most important problem facing the U.S. today?

The economy, unemployment and jobs E Crime or Corruption E Environment and Climate E Terrorism and Extremism



\*Prior to February 2021, "Economy, generally" and "Unemployment/lack of jobs" were asked separately, results on chart display the sum of both issues through that date. Have since been combined to create "Economy, unemployment, and jobs". Other changes include "system" being added to "healthcare", and "Inequality and discrimination" and "Public health, disease, and illness" were added as new issues.

#### **Most Important Problem Facing America**

In your opinion, what is the most important problem facing the U.S. today?

	<b>All Americans</b>	Democrats	Republicans	Independents
Economy, unemployment, and jobs	33%	24%	42%	36%
War and foreign conflicts	2%	2%	3%	1%
Immigration	5%	1%	13%	2%
Terrorism and extremism	5%	8%	5%	3%
Healthcare system	4%	6%	3%	2%
Public health, disease, and illness	3%	6%	1%	2%
Energy issues	2%	2%	1%	2%
Morality	4%	2%	6%	3%
Education	4%	5%	1%	3%
Crime or corruption	11%	10%	11%	15%
Environment and climate	6%	10%	3%	6%
Inequality and discrimination	5%	9%	2%	5%
Other	9%	10%	7%	11%
Don't know	6%	6%	3%	8%



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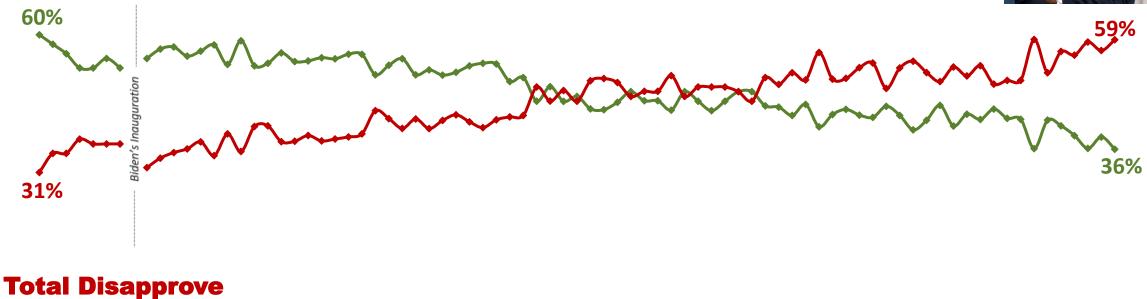
\* Starting with 2/4/21 wave, "system" was added to "Healthcare", "extremism" was added to "Terrorism", and "corruption" was added to "Crime". "Public health, disease, and illness" and "Inequality and discrimination" were added as new issues. "Economy, generally" and "Unemployment/lack of jobs" were combined to create "Economy, unemployment, and jobs"

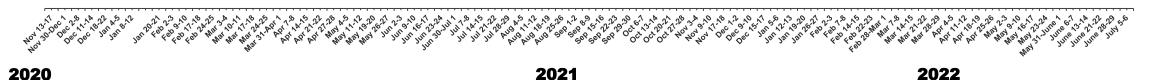
# Joe Biden's Weekly Job Approval

Overall, do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling his job as president? (previously 'president-elect')

#### **Total Approve**





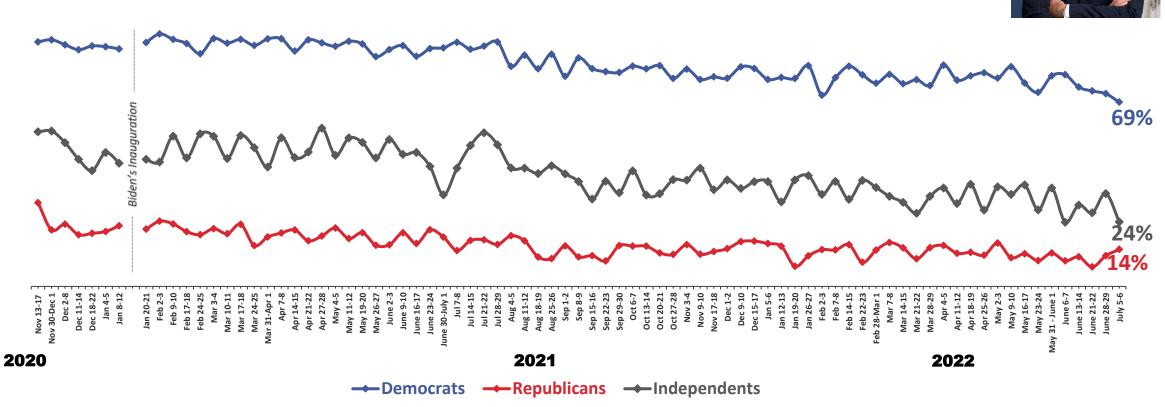




**By Partisanship** 

### Joe Biden's Weekly Job Approval by Partisanship

Overall, do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling his job as president? (previously 'president-elect')





#### **The White House's Top Priorities**

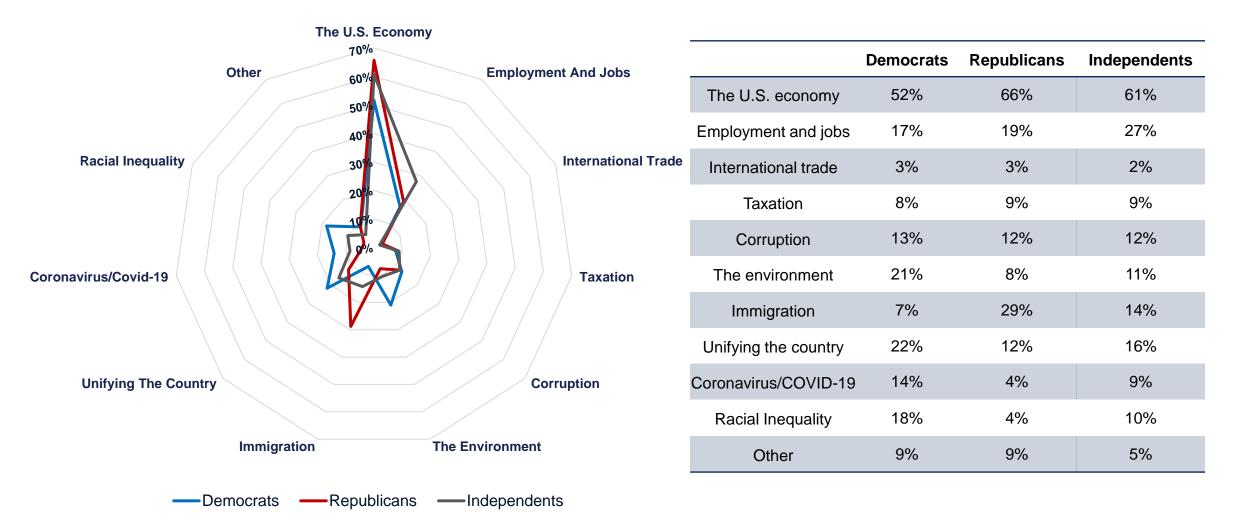
What do you want Joe Biden to prioritize? Choose the top 2 issues that are most important to you.

The U.S. Economy 57% **Employment And Jobs** 21% **Unifying The Country** 16% Immigration 16% **The Environment** 13% Corruption 13% **Racial Inequality** 10% Coronavirus/Covid-19 10% **Taxation** 8% **International Trade** 3% Other 8%



# The White House's Top Priorities by Partisanship

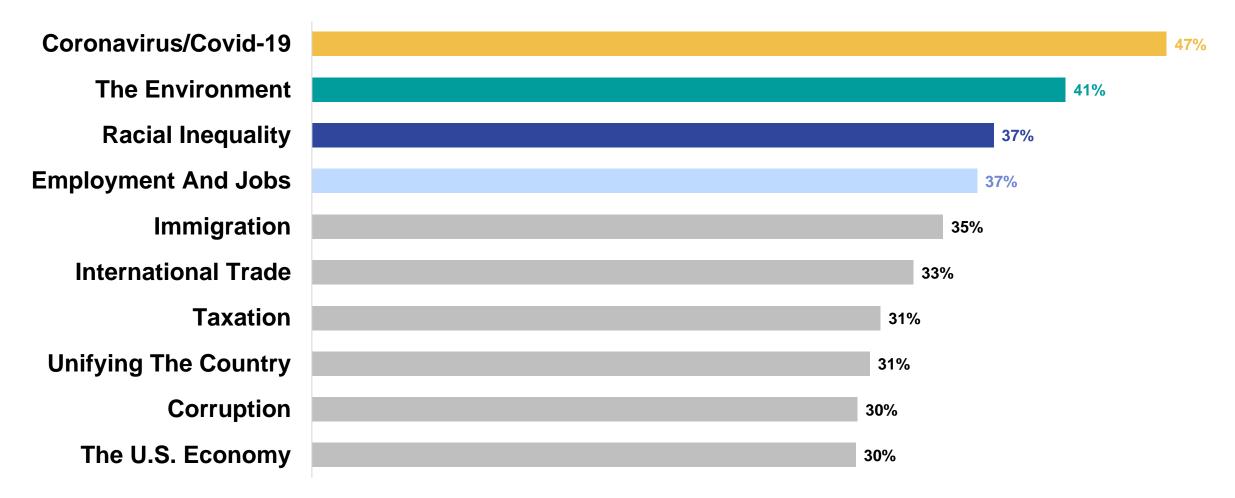
What do you want Joe Biden to prioritize? Choose the top 2 issues that are most important to you.





## **Approval of Biden's Handling of the Country's Issues**

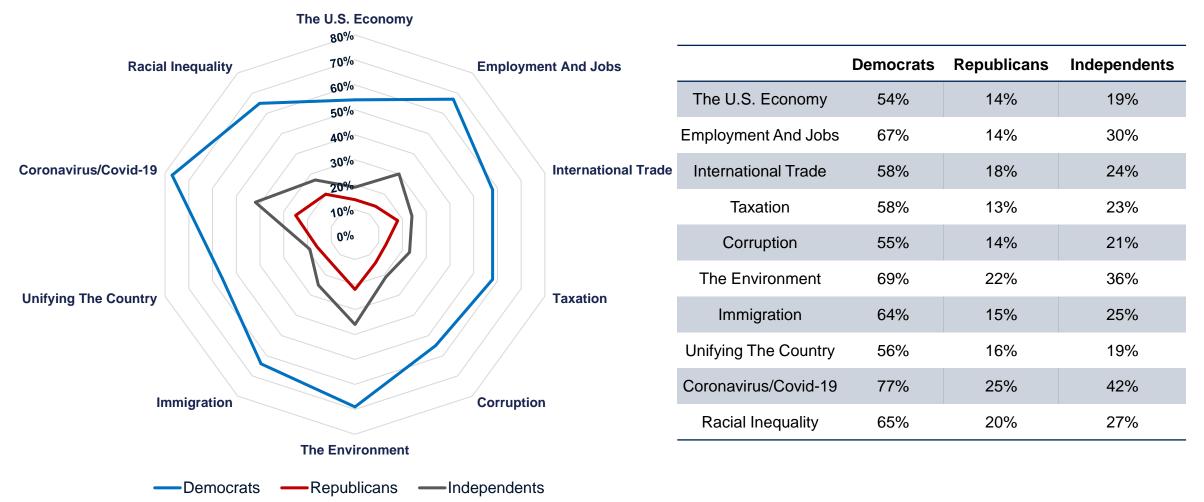
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling the following issues? (% total approve)



#### By Partisanship

#### **Partisan Approval of Biden's Handling of the Country's Issues**

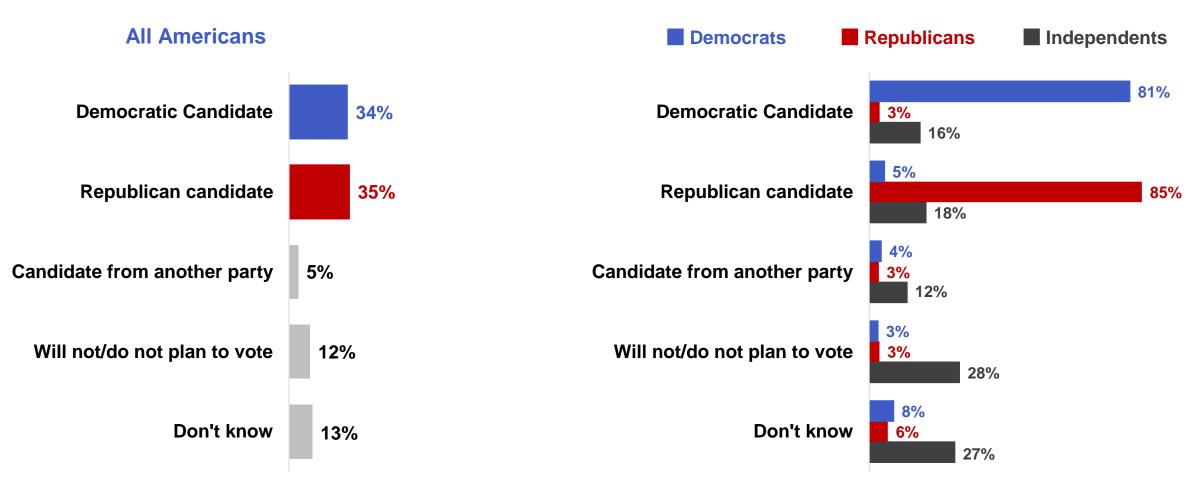
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling the following issues? (% total approve)





#### **2022 Generic Congressional Ballot**

Thinking about the elections in 2022, if the election for U.S. Congress were held today, would you vote for the Democratic or Republican candidate in your district where you live?





#### **How to Calculate Bayesian Credibility Intervals**

The calculation of credibility intervals assumes that Y has a binomial distribution conditioned on the parameter  $\theta$ \, i.E., Y| $\theta$ ~bin(n, $\theta$ ), where n is the size of our sample. In this setting, Y counts the number of "yes", or "1", observed in the sample, so that the sample mean ( $\overline{Y}$ ) is a natural estimate of the true population proportion  $\theta$ . This model is often called the likelihood function, and it is a standard concept in both the bayesian and the classical framework. The bayesian<sup>1</sup> statistics combines both the prior distribution and the likelihood function to create a posterior distribution.

The posterior distribution represents our opinion about which are the plausible values for  $\theta$  adjusted after observing the sample data. In reality, the posterior distribution is one's knowledge base updated using the latest survey information. For the prior and likelihood functions specified here, the posterior distribution is also a beta distribution ( $\pi(\frac{\theta}{v}) \sim \beta(y+a,n-y+b)$ ), but with updated hyper-parameters.

Our credibility interval for  $\theta$  is based on this posterior distribution. As mentioned above, these intervals represent our belief about which are the most plausible values for  $\theta$  given our updated knowledge base. There are different ways to calculate these intervals based on  $\pi \left(\frac{\theta}{y}\right)$ . Since we want only one measure of precision for all variables in the survey, analogous to what is done within the classical framework, we will compute the largest possible credibility interval for any observed sample. The worst case occurs when we assume that a=1 and b=1 and y=n/2. Using a simple approximation of the posterior by the normal distribution, the 95% credibility interval is given by, approximately:  $\overline{Y} \neq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

For this poll, the Bayesian credibility interval was adjusted using standard weighting design effect 1+L=1.5 to account for complex weighting<sup>2</sup> **Examples of credibility intervals for different base sizes are below:** 

SAMPLE SIZE	CREDIBILITY INTERVALS		
2,000	2.7		
500	5.4		
100	12.0		



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