Assessing the barriers to prescribing biologic therapies among prurigo nodularis patients

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Introduction

Biologic treatment has recently been approved for prurigo nodularis (PN), offering potential¹ in an indication with otherwise limited options.

Objective

The objective of this study was to explore barriers to biologic prescribing in PN, and factors for discerning patient eligibility for a biologic.

Methods

The Ipsos PN Therapy Monitor, an ongoing multi-center online medical chart review study of patients with PN was conducted between November – December 2022 among 70 dermatologists from the USA. Physicians were screened for practice duration, patient volume and ability to prescribe advanced therapies. Charts of patients with PN were included in the analysis.

Conclusions

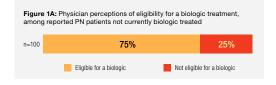
Comparisons in this study cohort suggest biologic treatment is initially being considered for PN patients with a greater disease burden. Patient decision has the potential to limit initial uptake, along with insurance coverage, although further investigation is warranted.

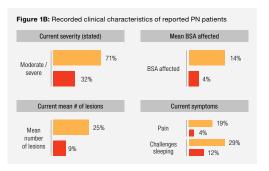
HCPs in our study cite disease severity parameters and patient refusal when assessing biologic eligibility and prescription to treat prurigo nodularis

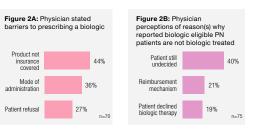


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Source for all charts: Ipsos PN Therapy Monitor (US HCPs providing de-identified patient record data on PN patients seen in consultation & perceptions online. See "Methods" for full details). Data are @ Ipsos 2024, all rights reserved.

REFERENCES

[1] Svenja Müller, Thomas Bieber & Sonja Ständer (2022). 'Therapeutic potential of biologics in prurigo nodularis', Expert Opinion on Biological Therapy, vol 22(1), pp 47-58.

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